

G.N. No. 444 (contd.)

Provided that, if the past history of any such gear is not known it shall be normalized by being placed in a suitably constructed furnace and heated until the whole of the metal has attained a temperature between 1,750 degrees Fahrenheit (950 degrees Centigrade) and 1,830 degrees Fahrenheit (1,000 degrees Centigrade) and, after being so heated, allowed to cool uniformly.

After heat-treatment such gear shall be carefully inspected by a competent person and details of any defects found shall be entered in the prescribed form.

FOURTH SCHEDULE

PRESCRIPTION OF REGISTER AND FORMS

(Rule 30 (1))

1. The register shall be in the form of the register printed and published by the Government Printer entitled "Register of Machinery, Chains, Wire Ropes and Lifting Equipment" and bearing the reference "L.D.F. 149".

2. The certificate of every test, examination or heat-treatment shall be in the form of, and contain the particulars specified in the forms printed and published by the Government Printer, being the forms bearing the references respectively set out hereunder in relation thereto, that is to say—

(a) for the annual thorough examination of gear exempted from annealing	L.D.F. 144
(b) for the test and examination of masts and mast stays, winches, derricks and accessory gear	L.D.F. 145
(c) for the test and examination of cranes or hoists, and their accessory gear	L.D.F. 146
(d) for the test and examination of chains, rings, hooks, shackles, swivels and pulley blocks	L.D.F. 147
(e) for the test and examination of wire rope	L.D.F. 148
(f) for the annealing of chains, rings, hooks, shackles and swivels ...	L.D.F. 150

Dar es Salaam,
5th October, 1962

M. M. KAMALIZA,
Minister for Health and Labour

GOVERNMENT NOTICE No. 445 published on 26/10/62

HL. /3/7/019

THE PHARMACY AND POISONS ORDINANCE

(CAP. 416)

RULES

Made under section 44

THE PHARMACY AND POISONS RULES, 1962

Title

1. These Rules may be cited as the Pharmacy and Poisons Rules, 1962, and shall come into operation on the first day of November, 1962.

Interpretation

2.—(1) In these Rules, unless the context otherwise requires—

“animal” includes bird;

“antimonial poisons” means chlorides of antimony, oxides of antimony, sulphides of antimony, antimonates, antimonites, and organic compounds of antimony;

“arsenical poisons” means halides of arsenic, oxides of arsenic, sulphides of arsenic, arsenates, arsenites, copper acetoarsenites, sodium thioarsenates, and organic compounds of arsenic;

“food” includes drink;

“medicine for the internal treatment of ailments” includes any medicine to be administered by parenteral injection but does not include any mouth-wash, eye drops, eye lotion, ear drops, douche, dentrifice or similar article.

“The Ordinance”, means the Pharmacy and Poisons Ordinance.

(2) Any reference to the percentage of a poison contained in any substance shall, unless otherwise expressly provided, be construed in the following manner, that is to say, a reference to a substance containing one per cent of any poisons means—

- (a) in the case of a solid, that one gramme of the poison is contained in every hundred grammes of the substance;
- (b) in the case of a liquid, that one millilitre of the poison, or, if the poison itself is a solid, one gramme of the poison is contained in every hundred millilitres of the substance; and so in proportion for any greater or lesser percentage.

3.—(1) Subject to the provisions of paragraph (5) of this rule, any person, other than a person issued with a permit under the provisions of this rule, who import a Part I poison into Tanganyika shall be guilty of an offence. Importation
of poisons

(2) The Board may issue to any of the following persons a permit authorizing the importation of such Part I poisons as may be specified in the permit:—

- (a) any authorized seller of poisons;
- (b) any person licensed under the provisions of sections 26 or 27 of the Ordinance, in accordance with the terms of such licence;
- (c) any institution or department referred to in paragraph (e) of subsection (1) of section 28 of the Ordinance;
- (d) any person requiring to import poisons for industrial or scientific purposes other than the manufacture of medicine;
- (e) any duly qualified medical practitioner, dentist or veterinary surgeon who satisfies the Board that he is urgently in need of a poison which he is unable to obtain in Tanganyika.

(3) Any person requiring to import any Part I poison under the provisions of sub-paragraph (d) of paragraph (2) of this rule shall indicate in his application for a permit the purpose for which the poison is required and, if the importer is not the person who will use the poison, the name or names of any person or persons to whom the poison will be sold.

(4) Any person referred to in paragraph (2) of this rule and any licensed seller of Part II poisons may import Part II poisons without a permit.

(5) Notwithstanding the provisions of this rule, any bona fide tourist or visitor who enters Tanganyika and any person normally resident in Tanganyika who re-enters Tanganyika, may bring with him into Tanganyika such quantity of poison as may be required during a period of twenty-one days immediately following such entry or re-entry, for the medical treatment of himself or any member of his party travelling with him.

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Exemptions

4.—(1) Any person who imports a Part I poison in accordance with the provisions of sub-paragraphs (c), (d) or (e) of paragraph (2) or of paragraph (5) of rule 3 hereof may, notwithstanding the provisions of section 25 of the Ordinance, lawfully possess such Part I poison in the quantity authorized to be imported.

(2) Any person who imports a Part I poison for industrial purposes in accordance with the provisions of sub-paragraph (d) of paragraph 2 of rule 3 hereof may, notwithstanding the provisions of section 28 of the Ordinance, sell the poison so imported to the person named in the application as the purchaser, and the purchaser may, notwithstanding the provisions of section 25 of the Ordinance, lawfully possess such poison.

(3) Any person, institution or department entitled to possess Part I poisons under the provisions of paragraph (d) of subsection (1) of section 25 of the Ordinance may also, but subject to the restrictions contained in that paragraph, possess any such poisons which have been acquired by way of free gift.

(4) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 25 of the Ordinance—

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(a) a midwife registered in section A of Part II of the Register of Nurses and Midwives maintained pursuant to section 6 of the Nurses and Midwives Registration Ordinance shall be entitled to possess the Part I poisons specified in the first column of Part A of the First Schedule to these Rules in the quantities specified in the second column thereof; and

(b) a midwife registered in section B of Part II of the said Register shall be entitled to possess the Part I poisons specified in the first column of Part B of the First Schedule to these Rules in the quantities specified in the second column thereof.

(5) Notwithstanding the provisions of sections 25 and 28 of the Ordinance an authorized seller of poisons may sell any poison to any manufacturer of animal foodstuffs who has obtained from the Board a permit to possess such poison for the purpose of such manufacture, and any such manufacturer may lawfully possess such poison for such purpose.

(6) An authorized seller of poisons shall not be required to comply with the provisions of section 29 of the Ordinance in the case of—

(a) substances specified in the Second Schedule to these Rules if the sale is effected by, or under the supervision of, a registered pharmacist; or

(b)—(i) machine spread plasters;

(ii) surgical dressings;

(iii) articles containing barium carbonate and prepared for the destruction of rats and mice;

(iv) corn paints in which the only poison is a poison included in the Poisons List under the heading of "Cannabis".

(7) Nothing in Part III of the Ordinance or in these Rules shall apply to—

(a) any article in Group I of the Third Schedule to these Rules;

(b) any poison specified in the first column of Group II of the Third Schedule to these Rules if contained in or in the form of any of the articles or substances specified in the second column of that Group.

(8) The requirements of paragraph (c) of section 33 of the Ordinance shall not apply to any substance specified in the Fifth Schedule to these Rules.

5.—(1) Any person, other than an authorized seller of poisons or other person licensed to deal in poisons under sections 26 or 27 of the Ordinance who exports any Part I poison (other than a poison intended for the medical treatment of himself or his family which is in the possession of the exporter at the time of export) from Tanganyika to a destination outside the East African territories shall be guilty of an offence. Exportation
of poisons

(2) Every authorized seller of poisons and other person licensed to deal in poisons under sections 26 or 27 of the Ordinance who exports any Part I poison shall—

- (a) keep a full and accurate record of all such exports; and
- (b) if the poison is sent by post, send it by registered or parcel post; and
- (c) comply with the requirements of rule 15 of these Rules relating to the transport of poisons.

(3) Any person to whom sub-paragraph (2) of this rule refers who exports any Part I poison otherwise than in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (2) shall be guilty of an offence.

6.—(1) Subject to the provisions of this rule no person shall sell by retail any Part I poison specified in the Fourth Schedule to these Rules except on and in accordance with a prescription given by a duly qualified medical practitioner, dentist or veterinary surgeon in the form provided for by paragraph (4) of this rule and any person who sells any such poison in contravention of the provisions of this rule shall be guilty of an offence. Poisons to
be supplied
only upon
prescription

Provided that where an authorized seller of poisons has reasonable cause to believe that a person ordering any such Part I poison is a duly qualified medical practitioner, dentist or veterinary surgeon who is by reason of some emergency unable to furnish such a prescription immediately, he may, notwithstanding that no such prescription has been given, if that person undertakes to furnish him with such a prescription within the twenty-four hours next following, deliver the poison ordered in accordance with the directions of that person, so, however, that notwithstanding anything in any such directions, the supply shall not be repeated unless such a prescription has been given.

(2) Any person, by whom any such undertaking has been given, who fails to deliver to the seller a prescription in accordance with the undertaking, or who, for the purpose of obtaining delivery of any poison under the proviso to paragraph (1) of this rule, makes a statement which is to his knowledge false, shall be guilty of an offence.

(3) The provisions of this rule shall not apply to—

- (a) any sale referred to in subsection (1) of section 28 of the Ordinance;
- (b) the sale of strychnine and its salts in quantities not exceeding two ounces at any one time to persons authorized by an Area Commissioner or a District Commissioner to obtain this substance for the purposes of poisoning vermin.

(4) For the purposes of this rule a prescription shall—

- (a) be in writing signed by the person giving it with his usual signature and dated by him;

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- (b) specify the address of the person giving it;
 - (c) specify the name and address of the person for whose treatment it is given or, if the prescription is given by a veterinary surgeon, of the person in charge of the animal to which the medicine is to be administered;
 - (d) have written thereon, if given by a dentist, the words "for dental treatment only" or, if given by a veterinary surgeon, the words "for animal treatment only";
 - (e) specify the total amount of the medicine to be supplied and except in the case of a preparation which is to be used for external treatment only, the dose to be taken.
- (5) The person dispensing the prescription shall comply with the following requirements:—
- (a) the prescription shall not be dispensed more than once unless the prescriber has directed thereon either that it may be dispensed at stated intervals or a stated number of times;
 - (b) if the prescription contains a direction that it may be dispensed a stated number of times or at stated intervals it shall not be dispensed otherwise than in accordance with the direction;
 - (c) a prescription which contains a direction that it may be dispensed a stated number of times but no direction as to the intervals at which it may be dispensed shall not be dispensed more often than once in three days, and a prescription which contains a direction that it is to be dispensed at stated intervals but no direction as to the number of times that it may be dispensed shall not be dispensed more than three times;
 - (d) at the time of dispensing or, where a poison has been delivered in accordance with the provisions of the proviso to paragraph (1) of this rule, on the subsequent receipt of the prescription, there shall be noted on the prescription above the signature of the prescriber, the name and address of the seller and the date on which the prescription was dispensed;
 - (e) except in the case of a prescription which may be dispensed again, the prescription shall, for a period of two years, be retained and kept on the premises on which it was dispensed in such manner as to be readily available for inspection.
- (6) Any person who fails to comply with the provisions of paragraph (5) of this rule shall be guilty of an offence.

Restriction
of sales by
licensed
sellers of
Part II
poisons

7.—(1) A licensed seller of Part II poisons shall not sell any poison, other than ammonia, hydrochloric acid, nitric acid, potassium quadroxalate and sulphuric acid, except in a closed container as closed by the manufacturer or other person from whom the poison was obtained.

(2) Any person who fails to comply with the provisions of paragraph (1) of this rule shall be guilty of an offence.

Restriction
of sales by
person
licensed to
deal in
poisons for
mining,
agricultural or
horticultural
purposes

8.—(1) A person licensed to deal in poisons for mining, agricultural or horticultural purposes shall not sell—

- (a) any poison, other than ammonia, hydrochloric acid, nitric acid, potassium quadroxalate and sulphuric acid, except in a closed container as closed by the manufacturer or other person from whom the poison was obtained;

- (b) any Part I poison unless—
- (i) the purchaser thereof is a person engaged in the trade, business or profession of mining, agriculture or horticulture and requires the poison for the purposes of his trade, business or profession; and
 - (ii) the sale is made by one of the persons named in the application for the licence to sell such poisons; and
 - (iii) the poison, if it is one of the substances referred to in the Sixth Schedule to these Rules, is, in addition to any other requirements of the Ordinance and these Rules, labelled in the manner described in that Schedule.

(2) Any person who fails to comply with the provisions of paragraph (1) of this rule shall be guilty of an offence.

9.—(1) Every container of poison required to be labelled in accordance with the provisions of section 33 of the Ordinance shall be labelled clearly and distinctly in the English language with the required particulars and in the following manner, that is to say—

Labelling of
containers

- (a) the name of the poison shall be the term by which the poison is specified in the Poisons List:

Provided that—

- (i) where that term describes a group of poisons and not the poison specifically, the name of the poison shall be—
 - (A) if the poison is the subject of a monograph in either the British Pharmacopoeia, the British Pharmaceutical Codex, the British Veterinary Codex or the Pharmacopoeia Internationalis, one or other of the names, synonyms or abbreviated names set out at the head of the head of the monograph; and
 - (B) in any other case, the accepted scientific name or name descriptive of the true nature and origin of the poison, and in such cases the appropriate name of the poison shall be written in English or in Latin;
 - (ii) in the case of preparation in the British Pharmacopoeia, the British Pharmaceutical Codex, the British Veterinary Codex or the Pharmacopoeia Internationalis or any dilution or admixture of such a preparation, or any surgical dressing for which a standard is described in the British Pharmaceutical Codex, it shall be sufficient to state the name, synonym or abbreviated name used to describe the preparation or surgical dressing in such Pharmacopoeia or Codex with the addition of the letters B.P., B.P.C., B.Vet.C., or P.I., as the case may be;
- (b) the particulars as to the proportion which a poison contained in a preparation bears to the total ingredients shall be expressed as the percentage which the poison bears to the total ingredients:

Provided that—

- (i) in the case of a preparation containing a poison specified in the first column of the Seventh Schedule to these Rules, it shall be sufficient to state on the label the particulars specified in the second column of that Schedule against the description of the poison;

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- (ii) in the case of a preparation or surgical dressing which is named in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (ii) of the proviso to sub-paragraph (a) of paragraph (1) of this rule, it shall not be necessary to state on the label the proportion of the poison contained in the preparation or surgical dressing, and in the case of any dilution or admixture of such a preparation, it shall be sufficient to state the proportion which the preparation bears to the total ingredients of the dilution or admixture;
 - (iii) where the poison is contained in tablets, pills, cachets, capsules, lozenges or similar articles, it shall be sufficient to state on the container thereof the number of the articles, and the amount of the poison or the amount of the preparation contained in each tablet, pill, cachet, capsule, lozenge, or other similar article;
- (c) the word "poison" or the alternative indication of character specified in rule 10 of these Rules, as the case may be, shall—
- (i) in the case of a poison not specified in the Second Schedule to these Rules or in Group B of Part II of the Poisons List, either be printed in red letters on a contrasting background or in letters of some other colour set against a red background;
 - (ii) in all cases be easily legible and either on a separate label or surrounded by a line within which there are no other words.
- (2) Where any proportion is stated as a percentage, the statement shall indicate whether the percentage is calculated on the basis of weight in weight, weight in volume or volume in volume.
- (3) Directions for the use of any poison shall be given in the English language, in addition to any other language.
- (4) Where poison is contained in a cachet or other similar article, only the box or receptacle containing the cachets or other articles need be labelled in pursuance of the provisions of section 33 of the Ordinance and these Rules.
- (5) Where the container of a poison or the container of a cachet or other similar article is labelled in accordance with the provisions of the Ordinance and these Rules, any outer cover or wrapper to that container used only for the purpose of delivery or transport need not be similarly labelled if it complies with the provisions of rule 15 of these Rules.
- (6) Every person who sells any poison not labelled in accordance with the provisions of these Rules shall be guilty of an offence.

Indication of character of poison

10.—(1) Any poison specified in the Sixth Schedule to these Rules shall be labelled with the words and in the manner specified in that behalf in the Sixth Schedule to these Rules.

(2) The words specified in the Sixth Schedule to these Rules shall not be modified in meaning by the addition of any other words or marks and shall—

- (a) in the case of a poison not specified in the Second Schedule to these Rules or in Group B of Part II of the Poisons List, be printed in red letters on a contrasting background or in some other colour on a red background;
- (b) in all cases be easily legible on a separate label or surrounded by a line within which there are no other words.

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11.—(1) (a) No person shall sell any liquid poison in bottles of not more than one hundred and twenty fluid ounces capacity unless the bottle is labelled with the words "NOT TO BE TAKEN". Directions as to use

(b) No person shall sell any embrocation, liniment, lotion, liquid antiseptic, or other liquid medicine for external application, which contains poison, unless the container is labelled with the name of the article and the words "FOR EXTERNAL USE ONLY".

(2) No person shall sell any hydrocyanic acid, or cyanide unless the container is labelled with the words "WARNING. This container holds a poisonous substance and should be opened and used only by persons having expert knowledge of the precautions to be taken in its use".

(3) Any person who fails to comply with any provision of this rule shall be guilty of an offence.

12.—(1) No person shall keep, sell or consign for transport any poison unless— Containers for poisons

(a) it is contained in a container impervious to the poison and sufficiently strong to prevent leakage arising from the ordinary risks of handling and transport; and

(b) in the case of a liquid contained in a bottle of a capacity of not more than one hundred and twenty fluid ounces, not being a medicine made up ready for the internal treatment of human ailments, the outer surface of the bottle is fluted vertically with ribs or grooves recognizable by touch.

(2) The provisions of sub-paragraph (b) of paragraph (1) of this rule shall not apply to the sale or the keeping of poisons for the purposes of education, research or analysis by a person or institution concerned with scientific education, research or chemical analysis.

(3) Any person who fails to comply with any provision of this rule shall be guilty of an offence.

13.—(1) No person engaged in any trade, business or profession shall knowingly have in his possession or under his control any poison, other than a substance specified in the Second Schedule to these Rules or in Group B of Part II of the Poisons List, or a medicine prescribed for his personal use, unless the following conditions are complied with at all times when the poison is not in actual use— Safe custody of poisons

(a) the poison shall be kept under lock and key in a separate room or compartment specially reserved for keeping poisons, clearly marked with the words "Poisons Only", and kept in a place apart from anything containing food or drink;

(b) the poison shall be kept in a place ordinarily accessible only to persons lawfully having access thereto;

(c) the key of such room, compartment, cupboard, box or other receptacle in which poisons are kept shall be retained under the control of the person in charge of such poison.

(2) Any person in possession of any receptacle which has been used for containing any poison and which is no longer required for that purpose shall by destruction or other means render that receptacle innocuous.

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(3) Poisons for the treatment of human ailments shall be kept on a separate shelf, or in a separate room or cupboard, from any other poisons.

(4) Any person who fails to comply with any provision of this rule shall be guilty of an offence.

Special provisions with respect to hospitals

14.—(1) In any hospital, infirmary, dispensary, clinic, nursing home or other similar institution at which human ailments are treated all poisons not in actual use shall be kept under the control of the person in charge of the institution or any fit and proper person whose duties include the responsibility for the care and issue of such poisons.

(2) In any such institution—

(a) at which medicines are dispensed in a dispensing or pharmaceutical department in charge of a person appointed for that purpose no medicine containing a poison shall, except in a case of emergency, be supplied from that department for use in the wards, operating theatres or other sections of the institution except upon a written order signed by a duly qualified medical or dental practitioner or nursing sister or other qualified person in charge of a ward, theatre or other section of the institution;

(b) the persons supplying such medicine shall label the container with words describing its contents and, in the case of medicines containing poisons, other than poisons specified in the Second Schedule or in Group B of Part II of the Poisons List, an indication that the poison is to be stored in a place reserved solely for the storage of poisons in accordance with the provisions of rule 13 of these Rules.

(3)—(a) The person in charge of any such institution shall, not less than once in every year, arrange and be responsible for the inspection of the following:—

(i) all stores, cupboards and other places where poisons are kept in the institution;

(ii) the methods by which poisons are issued, dispensed and used in the institution; and

(iii) the books and any other records whatsoever kept in the institution for the purpose of recording the purchase, issue and use of poisons;

(b) the person carrying out the inspection shall be a registered pharmacist or a duly qualified medical practitioner;

(c) the person carrying out the inspection shall report in writing on his inspection in the form set out in the Ninth Schedule to these Rules and shall point out in his report any defects in the storage, methods of handling, or records of poisons in the institution and shall make recommendations for the remedy of those defects;

(d) the person carrying out the inspection shall submit copies of his report—

(i) to the person in charge of the institution, if that person has not himself carried out the inspection;

(ii) to the Registrar appointed under section 5 of the Ordinance;

(iii) to the governing body of the institution.

(4) Any person who fails to comply with any provision of this rule shall be guilty of an offence.

15.—(1) No person shall consign for transport any poison specified in the Eighth Schedule to these Rules unless the outside of the package is labelled conspicuously with the name or description of the poison and a notice indicating that it is to be kept separate from food and from empty food containers. Transport of poisons

(2) No person shall knowingly transport any poison specified in the Eighth Schedule to these Rules in any vehicle in which food is being transported unless the food is carried in a part of the vehicle effectively separated from that containing the poison, or is otherwise adequately protected from the risk of contamination.

(3) Any person who fails to comply with any provision of this rule shall be guilty of an offence.

16.—(1) No person shall manufacture for sale any drug or medicine for the purpose of the treatment of any human or animal ailment unless he is in possession of a licence for that purpose issued by the Board. Manufacture of medicines

(2) The Board may, on application being made to it in the form set out in the Ninth Schedule to these Rules and on payment of the fee prescribed by rule 18 hereof issue a licence under the provisions of this rule and may impose such conditions and limitations as it thinks fit.

(3) Every licence issued under the provisions of this rule shall be in the form set out in the Ninth Schedule to these Rules and shall expire on the 31st December of the year of issue.

(4) Any person who fails to comply with any provision of this rule, or with any term or condition of, or limitation on, any licence issued under the provisions of this rule, shall be guilty of an offence.

17.—(1) The Poisons Book shall be in the form set out in the Ninth Schedule to these Rules. The Poisons Book

(2) In the case of any person licensed under the provisions of section 26 of the Ordinance as a wholesale dealer in poisons or any authorized seller of poisons having a wholesale section distinct and separate from any retail shop in which complete and detailed records of the receipts and disposals of all poisons are regularly maintained, the Board may, in its absolute discretion and upon such conditions as it may deem fit to impose, relieve such person of the necessity to record sales by way of wholesale in the Poisons Book.

18. The following fees shall be paid in connection with matters arising under the Ordinance:—

	Shs.	Cts.
(a) for a certificate of registration as a pharmacist (section 9)	50	00
(b) for the restoration of name to the register (section 10 (2))	50	00
(c) for the registration of premises (section 22 (2)) ...	100	00
(d) for a wholesale dealer's licence (section 26 (1)) per annum	400	00

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	Shs.	Cts.
(e) for a licence to deal in mining, agricultural and horticultural poisons (section 27 (2)) per annum ...	50	00
(f) for a licence to sell Part II poisons (section 31 (2)) per annum	40	00
(g) for a licence to manufacture drugs and medicines (rule 16) per annum	100	00
Forms	19. The forms to be used in pursuance of the Ordinance and these Rules shall be those set out in the Ninth Schedule to these Rules.	
Preservation	20. All books, prescription books and other prescribed records for the purposes of Part III of the Ordinance shall be preserved on the premises on which the sales recorded therein were made for a period of two years from the date on which the last entry was made therein.	
Penalties	21.—(1) Any person convicted of an offence contrary to any of the following provisions of these Rules, that is to say, rules 3 (1), 5 (1), 6 (1), 6 (2), 6 (3), and 16 (3) shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two thousand shillings or imprisonment for a period not exceeding two months or to both such fine and imprisonment. (2) Any person convicted of an offence contrary to any provision of these Rules, other than those specified in paragraph (1) shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one thousand shillings or imprisonment for a period not exceeding one month or to both such fine and imprisonment.	
Revocation of permits and licences under rules	22.—(1) The Board may revoke any permit issued under these Rules or may refuse to renew or make any licence issued under the Rules. (2) Any person aggrieved by the revocation of a permit or licence or the refusal to renew a licence under the Rules may, within thirty days of the service upon him of notice thereof, appeal to the Minister.	

FIRST SCHEDULE

(Rule 4 (4) (a) (b))

SUBSTANCES AUTHORIZED TO BE IN THE POSSESSION OF MIDWIVES WHO ARE REGISTERED AS SUCH UNDER THE PROVISIONS OF THE NURSES AND MIDWIVES REGISTRATION ORDINANCE (CAP. 325)

A

A MIDWIFE WHO IS REGISTERED IN SECTION A OF PART II OF THE REGISTER (NURSES AND MIDWIVES REGISTRATION REGULATIONS)

	Maximum amount authorized for possession at any one time
Sulphacetamide eyedrops 30%	2 fluid ounces.
Lobeline	5 ampoules, each 5mgm/1cc.
Ergometrine	6 ampoules, each 5mgm.
Ergot tablets	24 tablets, each 2½gr.
Pituitary extract	5 ampoules, each 5 units.
Mist. potassium bromide 5gr.; chloral hydrate 15gr.; tinct. opii 5 minims (Mist. "Three fifteens")	10 doses.
Pethidine for injection	300 mgm.
Penicillin for injection	5 mega units.

B

A MIDWIFE WHO IS REGISTERED IN SECTION B OF PART II OF THE REGISTER (NURSES AND MIDWIVES REGISTRATION REGULATIONS)

Sulphacetamide eye drops 30% ...	2 fluid ounces.
Lobeline	5 ampoules, each 5mgm/1cc.
Ergometrine	6 ampoules, each 0.5mgm.
Ergot tablets	24 tablets, each 2½gr.
Mist. potassium bromide 15gr.; chloral hydrate 15gr.	10 doses.
Pethidine for injection	100 mgm.

SECOND SCHEDULE

(Rules 4 (6), 9 (1), 10 (2), 13 and 14 (2))

SUBSTANCES EXEMPTED FROM THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION 28 (2) OF THE ORDINANCE WHICH RELATES TO PERSONS TO WHOM POISONS MAY BE SOLD, AND SECTION 29 OF THE ORDINANCE WHICH RELATES TO THE MAKING AND SIGNING OF ENTRIES IN THE POISONS BOOK

Any substance containing any of the poisons specified in the first column below if the poison content is less than the percentage specified in the second column.

Poison	Percentage of poison content below which substance is exempted
Alkaloids, including their salts simple or complex—	
Apomorphine	0.20 per cent.
Atropine	0.15 per cent.
Brucine	0.20 per cent.
Coca, alkaloids of	0.10 per cent.
Cocaine	0.10 per cent.
Colchicum, alkaloids of	0.50 per cent calculated as colchicine.
Cotarnine	0.20 per cent.
Ecgonine and its esters	0.10 per cent.
Emetine	1.00 per cent.
Gelsemium, alkaloids of	0.10 per cent.
Homatropine	0.15 per cent.
Hyoscine	0.15 per cent.
Jaborandi, alkaloids of	0.50 per cent.
Papaverine	1.00 per cent.
Pomegranate, alkaloids of	0.50 per cent.
Sabadilla, alkaloids of	1.00 per cent.
Solanaceous alkaloids, not otherwise included in this Schedule	0.15 per cent, calculated as hyoscyamine.
Stavesacre, alkaloids of	0.20 per cent.
Thebaine	1.00 per cent.
Veratrum, alkaloids of	1.00 per cent.
Adrenalin; its salts in preparations for external use only	0.10 per cent.
Amino-alcohols esterified with benzoic acids, phenylacetic acid, phenylpropionic acid, cinammic acid or the derivatives of these acids	10.00 per cent of esterified amino-alcohols.
Antimonial poisons	Equivalent of 1.00 per cent of antimony trioxide.
Butyl chloral hydrate	10.00 per cent.
Cantharidin	0.01 per cent.
Cantharidates	Equivalent of 0.01 per cent of cantharidin.
Chloral formamide	10.00 per cent.
Cyanides	Equivalent of 0.10 per cent weight in weight of hydrocyanic acid (HCN).
Digitalis, glycosides and other active principles of	One unit of activity (as defined in the British Pharmacopoeia) in two grammes of the substance.

G.N. No. 445 (contd.)

Poison	Percentage of poison content below which substance is exempted
Dinitroresols (DNC), their compounds with a metal or a base	Equivalent of 5.00 per cent of dinitroresols.
Hydrocyanic acid... ..	0.15 per cent weight in weight of hydrocyanic acid (HCN).
Insulin	Not exceeding 80 units in 1 mil.
Mercuric chloride	1.00 per cent.
Mercuric iodide	2.00 per cent.
Mercuric potassium iodides	Equivalent of 1.00 per cent of mercuric iodide.
Mercury, nitrates of	Equivalent of 3.00 per cent weight in weight of mercury (Hg).
Mercury, organic compounds of	Equivalent of 0.20 per cent weight in weight of mercury (Hg), and in any percentage when the substance is contained in aerosols.
p-Amino-benzoic acid, esters of; their salts	1.00 per cent.
p-Aminobenzenesulphonamide; its salts; derivatives of p-aminobenzenesulphonamide having any of the hydrogen atoms of the p-amino group substituted by another radical; their salts; when incorporated in a base for external application only	50 per cent.

THIRD SCHEDULE

(Rule 4 (7))

ARTICLES EXEMPTED FROM PART III OF THE ORDINANCE AND THE RULES

GROUP I

Adhesives; anti-fouling compositions; builders' materials; ceramics; distempers; electrical valves; enamels; explosives; fillers; fireworks; fluorescent lamps; glazes; glue; inks; lacquer solvents; loading materials; matches; medicated soaps; motor fuels and lubricants; paints other than pharmaceutical paints; photographic paper; pigments; plastics; propellants; rubber; varnishes.

GROUP II

Poison	Substances or article in which exempted
Acetanilide, alkyl acetanilides	Substances not being preparations for the treatment of human ailments.
Alkaloids:	
Brucine	Surgical spirit containing not more than 0.015 per cent of brucine.
Emetine	Ipecacuanha; extracts and tinctures of ipecacuanha; substances containing less than 0.05 per cent of emetine.
Ephedra, alkaloids of	Substances containing less than 1 per cent of the alkaloids of ephedra.
Jaborandi, alkaloids of	Substances containing less than 0.025 per cent of the alkaloids of jaborandi.
Lobelia, alkaloids of	Preparations for the relief of asthma in the form of cigarettes, smoking mixtures or fumigants, substances containing less than 0.1 per cent of the alkaloids of lobelia.
Nicotine	Tobacco.
Pomegranate, alkaloids of	Pomegranate bark.
Solanaeous alkaloids	Stramonium contained in preparations for the relief of asthma in the form of cigarettes, smoking mixtures or fumigants.
Stavesacre, alkaloids of	Soaps; ointments; lotions for external use.

G.N. No. 445 (contd.)

Poison	Substances or article in which exempted
Ammonia	Substances not being solutions of ammonia or preparations containing solutions of ammonia, substances containing less than 5 per cent weight in weight of ammonia (NH ₃); refrigerators; smelling bottles.
Antibiotics as defined in the Poisons List	Tyrothricin and framycetin and preparations or concentrates for animal feeding, foodstuffs containing antibiotics as a preservative.
Antihistamine substances as defined in the Poisons List	Preparations intended for external application only, and preparations containing not more than 1 per cent of antihistamine substances for application in the nose or eye.
Antimony, chlorides of	Polishes.
Arsenical poisons	Pyrites ores or sulphuric acid containing arsenical poisons as natural impurities.
Barium, salts of	Witherite other than finely ground witherite.
$\rho\beta$ -Aminopropylbenzene; its salts; its N-alkyl derivatives; $\rho\beta$ -Aminoisopropylbenzene; its salts; its N-alkyl derivatives; their salts	Appliances for inhalation in which the poison is absorbed in inert solid material.
Chloroform	Substances containing less than 10 per cent of chloroform.
Creosote obtained from wood	Substances containing less than 50 per cent of creosote obtained from wood.
Diels-Alder compounds	Preparations containing not more than 0.5 per cent diels-alder compounds.
Formaldehyde	Substances containing less than 5 per cent, weight in weight, of formaldehyde (H·CHO); photographic glazing or hardening solutions.
Formic acid	Substances containing less than 5 per cent, weight in weight, of formic acid (H·COOH).
Hormones as defined in the Poisons List	Cosmetic preparations for external application, and plant hormones.
Hormones sex, natural and synthetic, and analogous substances	In preparations or concentrates for animal feeding containing not more than 0.01 per cent hormones, sex, natural and synthetic, and analogous substances.
Hydrochloric acid	Substances containing less than 9 per cent, weight in weight, of hydrochloric acid (HCl).
Lead acetate	Substances containing less than 4 per cent of lead acetate.
Lead, compounds of	Machine-spread plasters.
Mercuric ammonium chlorides	Cosmetic preparations for external application.
Mercuric chloride	Batteries.
Mercuric chloride; mercuric iodide; organic compounds of mercury	Dressings on seeds or bulbs.
Mercury, nitrates of	Ointment containing less than the equivalent of 3 per cent, weight in weight, of mercury (Hg).
Nitric acid... ..	Substances containing less than 9 per cent, weight in weight, of nitric acid (HNO ₃).
Nitrobenzene	Substances containing less than 0.1 per cent of nitrobenzene; soaps containing less than 1 per cent of nitrobenzene; polishes.
Oxalic acid; metallic exalates	Laundry blue, polishes.
Oxycinchonic acid; derivatives of; their salts; their esters	Preparations for external application only containing not more than the equivalent of 3 per cent oxycinchonic acid.
ρ -Aminobenzenesulphonamide as defined in the Poisons List	Animal feeding stuffs containing not more than 0.5 per cent sulphonamides.

G.N. No. 445 (contd.)

Poison	Substances or article in which exempted
Paranitrobenzylcyanide	Photographic solutions containing less than the equivalent of 0.1 per cent weight in weight of HCN.
Paranitrophenol	Preparations for use in agriculture and horticulture containing not more than 0.5 per cent of paranitrophenol as a preservative.
Phenols	Animal dips containing less than 6 per cent of phenols; carvacrol; creosote obtained from coal tar; essential oils in which phenols occur naturally; medicines containing less than 1 per cent of phenols; nasal sprays, mouth washes, pastilles, lozenges, capsules, pessaries, ointments, or suppositories containing less than 2.5 per cent of phenols; paratertiaryamyl phenol; smelling bottles; soaps for washing; solid substances other than pastilles, lozenges, capsules, pessaries, ointments and suppositories, containing less than 60 per cent of phenols; tar (coal or wood), crude or refined; tertiary butylcresol; thymol.
Phenylene diamines; toluene diamines; other alkylated-benzene diamines; their salts	Substances other than preparations for the dyeing of hair.
Phenylmercuric salts	Toilet, cosmetic and therapeutic preparations containing not more than 0.01 per cent of phenylmercuric salts as a preservative, and antiseptic dressings on tooth-brushes.
Picric acid	Substances containing less than 5 per cent of picric acid.
Potassium hydroxide	Substances containing less than 12 per cent of potassium hydroxide; accumulators; batteries.
Procaine	Combined with antibiotics when contained in preparations or concentrates for animal feeding.
Sodium ethyl mercurithiosalicylate ...	Therapeutic substances containing less than 0.1 per cent of sodium ethyl mercurithiosalicylate as a preservative.
Sodium fluoride	Substances containing less than 3 per cent of sodium fluoride as a preservative.
Sodium hydroxide	Substances containing less than 12 per cent of sodium hydroxide.
Sodium silicofluoride	Substances containing less than 3 per cent of sodium silicofluoride as a preservative.
Sulphuric acid	Substances containing less than 9 per cent, weight in weight, of sulphuric acid (H ₂ SO ₄); accumulators; batteries; fire extinguishers.

FOURTH SCHEDULE

(Rule 6)

SUBSTANCES REQUIRED TO BE SOLD BY RETAIL ONLY UPON A PRESCRIPTION
GIVEN BY A DULY QUALIFIED MEDICAL PRACTITIONER, DENTIST OR
VETERINARY SURGEON

Allylisopropylacetylurea.

Amidopyrine; its salts; amidopyrine sulphonates; their salts.

Antibiotics; except when incorporated in a base and packed in collapsible tubes or jars for use in the treatment of udder diseases.

Antimony, organic compounds for injection.

Arsenic, organic compounds for injection.

Barbituric acid; its salts; derivatives of barbituric acid; their salts; compounds of barbituric acid, its salts, its derivatives, their salts, with any other substance.

p-Aminopropylbenzene; its salts; its N-alkyl derivatives; their salts; p-Aminoisopropylbenzene; its salts; its N-alkyl derivatives; their salts.

Benztropine; its salts.

Bismuth; its salts; its compounds; except as an ingredient of a mixture or other preparation dispensed for oral administration or external application.

Busulphan; its salts.
 Chlorambucil; its salts.
 Curare; alkaloids of; curare bases and salts.
 Di-(4-amidinophenyl)-triazine-(N-1:3)-diacetate; its salts; derivatives of Di-(4-amidinophenyl)-triazine-(N-1:3)-diacetate; their salts.
 4-4-Diamidino-diazoaminobenzene; its salts.
 Dinitrocresols (DNC); their compounds with a metal or a base, except preparations for use in agriculture or horticulture.
 Dinitronaphthols; dinitrophenols; dinitrothymols.
 Disulfiram.
 Dithienylallylamines; dithienylalkylallylamines; their salts except diethylthiambutene, dimethylthiambutene and ethylmethylthiambutene.
 Ergot, alkaloids of; extracts of ergot; tinctures of ergot.
 Ethopropazine; its salts.
 Gallamine; its salts; its quaternary compounds.
 Hormones, adrenal-cortical, natural and synthetic, except when in the form of avian implants.
 Hormones, sex, natural and synthetic and analogous substances.
 Isoniazid; its salts; derivatives of isoniazid; their salts.
 Mercaptopurine; its salts.
 Mustine; its salts.
 p-Aminobenzenesulphonamide; its salts; derivatives of p-aminobenzenesulphonamide having any of the hydrogen atoms of the p-amino group or of the sulphonamide group substituted by another radical; their salts, except when specifically formulated and labelled for the treatment of avian coccidiosis.
 p-Aminosalicylic acid; its salts; any preparation of p-aminosalicylic acid; its salts.
 Paramethadione.
 Pecazine; its salts.
 Phenacemide.
 Phenanthridinium, its salts; derivatives of phenanthridinium, their salts; compounds of phenanthridinium with other substances.
 Phenothiazine; derivatives of; their salts; except promethazine, its salts and its molecular compounds.
 Phenylbutazone; its salts.
 Phenylcinchoninic acid; salicylcinchoninic acid; their salts; their esters.
 Polymethylenebistrimethylammonium salts.
 Quinapyramine, its salts; derivatives of quinapyramine, their salts; compounds of quinapyramine with other substances except in preparations included in Part II of the Poisons List.
 Strychnine except in preparations included in Part II of the Poisons List.
 Sulphonal; alkyl sulphonals.
 Sulphones; their salts; their derivatives.
 Suramin.
 Thiacetozone; its salts; its derivatives.
 Tolbutamide.
 Tretamine; its salts.
 Trimustine; its salts.
 Troxidone.

 FIFTH SCHEDULE

(Rule 4 (8))

 SUBSTANCES EXEMPT FROM CERTAIN LABELLING REQUIREMENTS

Antibiotics as defined in the Poisons List.
 Hormones as defined in the Poisons List.
 Isoniazid; its salts, derivatives of isoniazid; their salts.
 p-aminosalicylic acid; its salts; any preparation of p-aminosalicylic acid; its salts.
 Sulphones; their salts; their derivatives.
 Thiacetozone; its salts; its derivatives.

G.N. No. 445 (contd.)

SIXTH SCHEDULE

(Rules 8, 10)

INDICATION OF CHARACTER OF POISON

1. To be labelled with the words "Caution. It is dangerous to take this preparation except under medical supervision"—

Medicines made up ready for the internal treatment of human ailments if the poison is one of the following:—

Antihistamine substances as listed in Part I of the Poisons List other than medicines mentioned in paragraph 9 of this Schedule.

p-Aminopropylbenzene, its salts; its N-alkyl derivatives; their salts.
p-Aminoisopropylbenzene, its salts; its N-alkyl derivatives; their salts.
Insulin.

Phenylethylhydantoin; its salts; its acyl derivatives; their salts.

Pituitary gland, the active principles of.

Thyroid gland, the active principles of; their salts.

2. To be labelled with the words "Caution. It is dangerous to exceed the stated dose"—

Medicines (other than medicines mentioned in paragraph 1 of this Schedule) made up ready for the internal treatment of human ailments except in the case of a substance included in the First Schedule.

3. To be labelled with the words "Poison. For animal treatment only"—

Medicines made up ready for the treatment of animals.

4. To be labelled with the words "Caution. This preparation may cause serious inflammation of the skin in certain persons and should be used only in accordance with expert advice"—

Preparations for the dyeing of hair containing phenylene diamines, toluene diamines or other alkylated-benzene diamines or their salts.

5. To be labelled with the words "Caution. This substance is caustic"—

Potassium hydroxide, sodium hydroxide and articles containing either of those substances.

6. To be labelled with the words "Caution. This substance is poisonous. The inhalation of its vapour, mist, spray or dust may have harmful consequences. It may also be dangerous to let it come into contact with the skin or clothing"—

Diels-Alder compounds.

Dinitrocresols (DNC), their compounds with a metal or a base, except preparations for the treatment of human ailments and except winter washes containing not more than the equivalent of five per cent of dinitrocresols.

Dinosam, its compounds with a metal or a base.

Dinoseb, its compounds with a metal or a base.

Ethylene dibromide; ethylene dichloride.

Fluoroacetamide; fluoroacetanilide.

Mercury, organic compounds, when contained in aerosols.

Methyl bromide.

Organo Phosphorus compounds, including the following—Amiton, demeton-O, demeton-S, demeton-O-methyl, demeton-S-methyl, diethyl 4-methyl-7-coumarinyl phosphorothionate, diethyl p-nitrophenyl phosphate, dimefox, ethyl p-nitrophenyl phenylphosphonothionate, mazidox, mipafox, parathion, phosdrin, schradan, sulfotepp, TEPP (HEPT), triphosphoric pentadimethylamide.

Toxaphene.

7. To be labelled with the words "Caution. This preparation should be administered only under medical supervision. The vapour is dangerous"—

Medicines made up ready for the internal or external treatment of human ailments and containing dyflos.

8. To be labelled with the words "Caution. This substance is poisonous. Inhalation of the vapour is dangerous. It is also dangerous to let the substance come into contact with the skin or clothing"—

Monofluoroacetic acid: its salts.

SEVENTH SCHEDULE

(Rule 9 (1) (b))

STATEMENT OF PARTICULARS PERMITTED IN CERTAIN CASES AS TO PROPORTION OF POISON

Name of Poison	Particulars
Alkaloids, the following—	
Aconite, alkaloids of	The proportion of any one alkaloid of aconite that the preparation would be calculated to contain on the assumption that all the alkaloids of aconite in the preparation were that alkaloid.
Belladonna, alkaloids of; Calabar bean, alkaloids of; Coca, alkaloids of; Colchicum, alkaloids of; Ephedra, alkaloids of; Ergot, alkaloids of; Gelsemium, alkaloids of; Jaborandi, alkaloids of; Lobelia, alkaloids of; Pomegranate, alkaloids of; Quebracho, alkaloids of; other than the alkaloids of red quebracho; Sabadilla, alkaloids of; Solanaceous alkaloids not otherwise included in the Poisons List; Stavesacre, alkaloids of; Veratrum, alkaloids of; Yohimba, alkaloids of;	The same as above, with the substitution for the reference to aconite of a reference to belladonna, calabar bean or such other of the said poisons as the case may require.
Antimonial Poisons	The proportion of antimony trioxide (Sb_2O_3) or antimony pentoxide (Sb_2O_5) that the preparation would be calculated to contain on the assumption that the antimony (Sb) in the poison had been wholly converted into antimony trioxide or antimony pentoxide as the case may be.
Arsenical Poisons	The proportion of arsenic trioxide (As_2O_3) or arsenic pentoxide (As_2O_5) that the preparation would be calculated to contain on the assumption that the arsenic (As) in the poison had been wholly converted into arsenic trioxide or arsenic pentoxide as the case may be.
Barium, salts of	The proportion of one particular barium salt which the preparation would be calculated to contain on the assumption that the barium (Ba) in the poison had been wholly converted into that salt.
Digitalis, glycosides of; other active principles of digitalis	The number of units of activity as defined in the British Pharmacopoeia contained in a specified quantity of the preparation.
Hydrocyanic acid; cyanides, double cyanides of mercury and zinc ...	The proportion of hydrocyanic acid (HCN) that the preparation would be calculated to contain on the assumption that the cyanides in the poison had been wholly converted into hydrocyanic acid.
Insulin	The number of units of activity as defined in the British Pharmacopoeia contained in a specified quantity of the preparation.
Lead, compounds of, with acids from fixed oils	The proportion of lead oxide (PbO) that the preparation would be calculated to contain on the assumption that the lead in the poison had been wholly converted into lead oxide.
Mercury, organic compounds of ...	The proportion of organically-combined mercury (Hg) contained in the preparation.
Nux Vomica	The proportion of strychnine contained in the preparation.
Opium	The proportion of morphine contained in the preparation.
Phenols	The proportion of phenols (added together) contained in the preparation.

G.N. No. 445 (contd.)

Name of Poison	Particulars
Compounds of a phenol with a metal ...	The proportion of phenols (added together) that the preparation would be calculated to contain on the assumption that the compounds of phenols with a metal had been wholly converted into the corresponding phenols.
Pituitary gland, the active principles of	Either— <ol style="list-style-type: none"> (a) the number of units of activity as defined in the British Pharmacopoeia contained in a specified quantity of the preparation; or (b) the proportion of pituitary gland, or of anterior or of posterior lobe of the gland, as the case may be, contained in the preparation ; or (c) the amount of pituitary gland or of anterior or of posterior lobe of the gland, as the case may be, from which a specified quantity of the preparation was obtained together with an indication whether the amount relates to fresh or to dried gland substance.
Potassium hydroxide	The proportion of potassium monoxide (K_2O) which the preparation would be calculated to contain on the assumption that the potassium hydroxide in the preparation had been wholly converted into potassium monoxide.
Sodium hydroxide	The proportion of sodium monoxide (Na_2O) which the preparation would be calculated to contain on the assumption that the sodium hydroxide in the preparation had been wholly converted into sodium monoxide.
Strophanthus, glycosides of	The amount of Standard Tincture of Strophanthus as defined in the British Pharmacopoeia which possesses the same activity as a specified quantity of the preparation when assayed by the method described in the said Pharmacopoeia.
Suprarenal gland, the active principles of; their salts	Either— <ol style="list-style-type: none"> (a) the proportion of suprarenal gland or of the cortex or of the medulla of the gland, as the case may be, contained in the preparation; or (b) the amount of suprarenal gland or of the cortex or of the medulla of the gland, as the case may be, from which a specified quantity of the preparation was obtained, together with an indication whether the amount relates to fresh or to dried gland substance.
Thyroid gland, the active principles of; their salts	Either— <ol style="list-style-type: none"> (a) the proportion of thyroid gland contained in the preparation; or (b) the amount of thyroid gland from which a specified quantity of the preparation was obtained, together with an indication whether the amount relates to fresh or to dried gland.

EIGHTH SCHEDULE

(Rule 15)

POISONS REQUIRED TO BE SPECIALLY LABELLED FOR TRANSPORT

Arsenical poisons.

Barium, salts of.

Diels-Alder compounds.

Dinitroresols (DNC), their compounds with a metal or a base when contained in preparations for use in agriculture or horticulture, except winter washes containing not more than the equivalent of 5 per cent of dinitroresols.

G.N. No. 445 (contd.)

- Dinitrophenols, when contained in preparations for use in agriculture or horticulture.
- Dinosam, its compounds with a metal or a base, when contained in preparations for use in agriculture or horticulture.
- Dinoseb, its compounds with a metal or a base, when contained in preparations for use in agriculture or horticulture.
- Ethylene dibromide; ethylene dichloride.
- Fluoroacetamide; fluoroacetanilide.
- Hydrocyanic acid; cyanides.
- Mercury, its halides, when contained in preparations for use in agriculture and horticulture.
- Mercury, organic compounds of, when contained in preparations for use in agriculture and horticulture.
- Methyl bromide.
- Monofluoroacetic acid; its salts.
- Nicotine; its salts.
- Organo-Phosphorus compounds, including the following:—
Amiton, demeton-O, demeton-S, demeton-O-methyl, demeton-S-methyl, diethyl 4-methyl-7-coumarinyl phosphorothionate, diethyl p-nitrophenyl phosphate, dimefox, ethyl p-nitrophenyl phenylphosphonothionate, mazidox, mipefox, parathion, phosdrin, schradan, sulfotepp, TEPP (HEPT), triphosphoric pentadimethylamide.
- Selenium; its compounds when contained in preparations for use in agriculture and horticulture.
- Strychnine.
- Thallium, salts of.
- Toxaphene.

NINTH SCHEDULE

(Rule 19)

FORMS

1. Application for registration as a pharmacist (section 7).
2. Register of pharmacists (section 6).
3. Certificate of registration as a pharmacist (section 9).
4. Application for registration of premises (section 22).
5. Register of premises (section 22).
6. Application for wholesale dealer's licence (section 26).
7. Wholesale dealer's licence (section 26).
8. Register of wholesale dealers (section 26).
9. Application for licence to deal in poisons for mining, agricultural and horticultural purposes (section 27).
10. Licence to deal in poisons for mining, agricultural and horticultural purposes (section 27).
11. Register of dealers in mining, agricultural and horticultural poisons (section 27).
12. Certificate for purchase of poison (section 28).
13. Application for licence to sell Part II poisons (section 31).
14. Licence to sell Part II poisons (section 31).
15. Register of licences issued to sellers of Part II poisons (section 31).
16. Poisons Book (section 29).
17. Permit to import Part I poisons (rule 3).
18. Report on inspection of hospital, etc. (rule 14).
19. Application for licence to manufacture drugs for sale (rule 16).
20. Licence to manufacture drugs for sale (rule 16).

The Pharmacy and Poisons Ordinance
(Cap. 416)
and
The Pharmacy and Poisons Rules, 1962

APPLICATION FOR REGISTRATION OF PREMISES

The Registrar, Pharmacy and Poisons Board,
.....

In accordance with the provisions of section 22 of the Pharmacy and Poisons Ordinance, I/We.....
of (postal address).....
wishing to carry on the business of a pharmacist do hereby apply for registration of premises situated at.....

The business in so far as concerns the retail sale of drugs will be under the control of.....
.....a pharmacist registered in accordance with Part II of the Ordinance.

Date.....
Signature of Applicant

N.B.—Any change of pharmacist under whose control the business is carried on must be notified to the Registrar within seven days.

Fee: Shs. 100.

FORM No. 5

The Pharmacy and Poisons Ordinance
(Cap. 416)
and
The Pharmacy and Poisons Rules, 1962

REGISTER OF PREMISES

Registration		Name(s) of Owner(s) of the business	Address of premises where business of a pharmacist is carried on	Name of pharmacist under whose control the business of a pharmacist is carried on
No.	Date			

FORM No. 6

The Pharmacy and Poisons Ordinance
(Cap. 416)
and
The Pharmacy and Poisons Rules, 1962

APPLICATION FOR WHOLESALE DEALER'S LICENCE

The Registrar, Pharmacy and Poisons Board,
.....

I/We..... of (postal address).....
wishing to carry on business as a wholesale dealer in poisons at.....
.....hereby apply for the *issue/renewal of a wholesale
dealer's licence.

G.N. No. 445 (contd.)

The registered pharmacist in control of the distribution of poisons is.....
resident in.....
 and whose postal address is.....
 Date.....

Signature of Applicant

N.B.—Any change of registered pharmacist under whose control the distribution of poisons is effected must be notified to the Registrar within seven days.

Fee: Shs. 400.

*Delete as necessary.

FORM NO. 7

The Pharmacy and Poisons Ordinance
 (Cap. 416)

and

The Pharmacy and Poisons Rules, 1962
 WHOLESale DEALER'S LICENCE

.....of (postal address).....
 carrying on business at.....
 are hereby authorized to sell poisons by way of wholesale dealing.
 Registration No.....Licence No.....
 Date.....

Registrar, Pharmacy and Poisons Board

Note—This licence expires on the 31st December, 19.....

FORM NO. 8

The Pharmacy and Poisons Ordinance
 (Cap. 416)

and

The Pharmacy and Poisons Rules, 1962
 REGISTER OF WHOLESale DEALERS

Registration		Name(s) of Owner(s) of the business	Address of premises where business is carried on	Name of Pharmacist in control of the distribution of poisons
No.	Date			

FORM NO. 9

The Pharmacy and Poisons Ordinance
 (Cap. 416)

and

The Pharmacy and Poisons Rules, 1962

APPLICATION FOR LICENCE TO DEAL IN POISONS FOR MINING, AGRICULTURAL
 AND HORTICULTURAL PURPOSES

The Registrar, Pharmacy and Poisons Board,

I/We.....of (postal address).....
 carrying on a regular business in *mining/agricultural and/or horticultural accessories at.....
hereby apply for the *issue/renewal of a
 licence to deal in the following poisons.....

I/We hereby nominate the following person(s).....
 who may sell in accordance with the provisions of rule 8.....

Date.....

Signature of Applicant

Fee: Shs. 50.

—Not more than two persons may be nominated.

*Delete as necessary.

The Pharmacy and Poisons Ordinance
(Cap. 416)
and

The Pharmacy and Poisons Rules, 1962

LICENCE TO DEAL IN MINING, AGRICULTURAL AND HORTICULTURAL POISONS

.....of (postal address).....
carrying on business at.....
are hereby licensed to deal in the following poisons.....

The following person(s) is/are hereby authorized to sell these poisons in accordance with the provisions of rule 8.....

Registration No.....Licence No.....
Date.....

.....
Registrar, Pharmacy and Poisons Board

Any change in persons authorized to sell must be notified to the Registrar within seven days
Note—This licence expires on the 31st December, 19.....

FORM No. 11

The Pharmacy and Poisons Ordinance
(Cap. 416)
and

The Pharmacy and Poisons Rules, 1962

REGISTER OF DEALERS IN MINING, AGRICULTURAL AND HORTICULTURAL POISONS

Registration		Name(s) of Owner(s) of the business	Address of premises where the business is carried on	Name(s) of person(s) authorized to sell poisons
No.	Date			

FORM No. 12

The Pharmacy and Poisons Ordinance
(Cap. 416)
and

The Pharmacy and Poisons Rules, 1962

CERTIFICATE FOR PURCHASE OF POISON

For the purposes of paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 28 of the Pharmacy and Poisons Ordinance, I, the undersigned, hereby certify from my knowledge of (a).....
of (b).....that he is a person to whom (c).....
may be properly supplied.

I further certify that (d).....is the signature of the said
(a).....

Date.....
.....
*Signature and designation of officer giving
certificate*

- (a) Insert full name of intending purchaser.
- (b) Insert full postal address.
- (c) Insert name of poison.
- (d) Intending purchaser to sign his name here.

G.N. No. 445 (contd.)

FORM No. 13

The Pharmacy and Poisons Ordinance

(Cap. 416)

and

The Pharmacy and Poisons Rules, 1962

APPLICATION FOR LICENCE TO SELL PART II POISONS

To the Area/District Commissioner,

I/We.....of (postal address).....

being engaged in the business of..... hereby apply to sell poisons by wholesale/retail in Group A/Group B of Part II of the Poisons List on the following premises.....

I/We hereby nominate the following person(s)*..... who may sell in accordance with the provisions of the Ordinance and Rules.

Date..... Signature of Applicant

Fee: Shs. 40.

*Not more than two persons may be nominated.

FORM No. 14

The Pharmacy and Poisons Ordinance

(Cap. 416)

and

The Pharmacy and Poisons Rules, 1962

LICENCE TO SELL PART II POISONS

.....of (postal address).....

carrying on the business of.....

at.....is hereby licensed to sell the following Part II poisons*

The following person(s) is/are hereby authorized to sell these poisons in accordance with the provisions of the Ordinance and Rules.....

Registration No.....Licence No.....

Date..... Area/District Commissioner

Any change of persons authorized to sell must be notified to the Area/District Commissioner within seven days.

Note—This licence expires on the 31st December, 19.....

*Insert here either Group A/Group B, or specified poisons as the case may be, and whether by wholesale or retail sale.

The Pharmacy and Poisons Ordinance
(Cap. 416)

and
The Pharmacy and Poisons Rules, 1962

REGISTER OF LICENCES ISSUED TO SELLERS OF PART II POISONS

Registration		Name of licensee	Address of premises where business is carried on	Class of licence	Name(s) of person(s) authorized to sell poisons
No.	Date				

The Pharmacy and Poisons Ordinance
(Cap. 416)

and
The Pharmacy and Poisons Rules, 1962

POISONS BOOK

Date of Sale	Name and quantity of poison supplied	Purchaser's			Purpose for which stated to be required	Date of certificate (if any)	Name and address of person giving certificate (if any)	Signature of purchaser, or where a signed order is permitted, the date of the signed order
		Name	Address	Business, trade or occupation				

The Pharmacy and Poisons Ordinance
(Cap. 416)

and
The Pharmacy and Poisons Rules, 1962

PERMIT TO IMPORT PART I POISONS

.....of (postal address).....
.....being a (insert whether a person, etc.,
specified in rule 3 (2) (a), (b), (c), (d) or (e) of the Rules).....

is hereby authorized to import into Tanganyika the following Part I poisons.....

This authorization is valid for the import of these poisons *on one occasion only/during the year ending 31st December, 19.....

Date.....

Registrar, Pharmacy and Poisons Board

*Delete as necessary.

The Pharmacy and Poisons Ordinance
(Cap. 416)
and

The Pharmacy and Poisons Rules, 1962

REPORT ON INSPECTION OF HOSPITAL, INFIRMARY, DISPENSARY, CLINIC,
NURSING HOME OR OTHER SIMILAR INSTITUTION

I, the undersigned, of (postal address).....
have today carried out an inspection of.....
..... as required by rule 14 (3) of the Poisons Rules, 1962.

The following defects are reported—

- 1. Storage.....
-
-
- 2. Method of Handling.....
-
-
- 3. Records.....
-
-

I have the following recommendations to make—

.....
.....
.....
.....

The previous inspection was carried out on.....

Signature.....
Designation.....

Date.....

- To 1.(person in charge of the institution).
- 2. The Registrar, Pharmacy and Poisons Board.
- 3.(governing body of the institution).

The Pharmacy and Poisons Ordinance
(Cap. 416)
and

The Pharmacy and Poisons Rules, 1962

APPLICATION FOR A LICENCE TO MANUFACTURE FOR SALE A DRUG OR
MEDICINE FOR THE PURPOSE OF THE TREATMENT OF ANY HUMAN OR
ANIMAL AILMENT

The Registrar,
The Pharmacy and Poisons Board.

I/We..... of (postal address).....
.....having premises situated at.....
.....and being engaged in the business of
..... hereby apply to manufacture for sale the
following drug/medicine.....

This drug/medicine has the following composition—

.....
.....
.....

The manufacture of the above drug/medicine will be carried out under the direct personal supervision of.....who has the following qualifications.....

.....
.....

The manufacture of the above drug/medicine will be carried out at.....

.....

Date.....

.....

Signature of Applicant

Fee: Shs. 100.

FORM NO. 20

The Pharmacy and Poisons Ordinance

(Cap. 416)

and

The Pharmacy and Poisons Rules, 1962

LICENCE TO MANUFACTURE FOR SALE A DRUG OR MEDICINE FOR THE PURPOSE OF THE TREATMENT OF ANY HUMAN OR ANIMAL AILMENT

.....

of.....and having

premises situated at.....

is/are hereby licensed to manufacture for sale the following drug/medicine.....

.....under the direct personal supervision of

.....

at.....

Note:—This licence expires on the 31st December, 19.....

Registration No.....Licence No.....

Date.....

.....

Registrar, Pharmacy and Poisons Board

Dar es Salaam,
15th October, 1962

M. M. KAMALIZA,
Minister for Health and Labour